Informal selforganisation

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And it's war we're talking about.

AGAIN

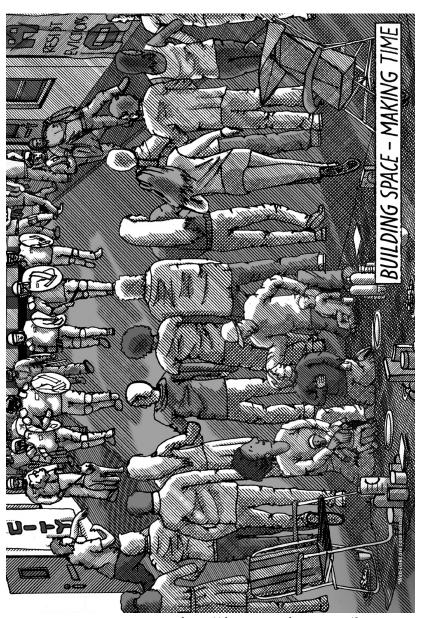
ASSEMBLIES

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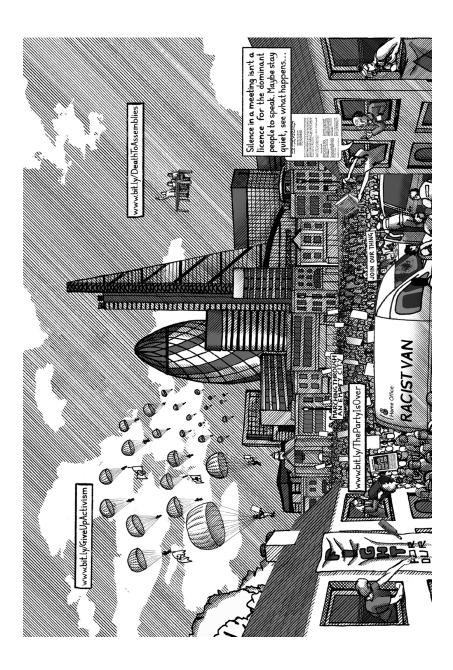
AGAINST ASSEMBLIES

Organisation, Democracy & the Left

https://fightfortheaylesbury.wordpress.com/



http://theoccupiedtimes.org/?p=14024



Death to Assemblies

"The history of the working class movement is littered with paper bodies, based on so-called delegates, which actually substitute building organisations based on activists prepared to fight"

"-assemblee +orge"

University. The hierarchies. These assemblies are depress-

And they are ties to a particular way of understanding movement of workers which party.

Since then the term has been used more to describe different people and groups who, while not in the same situations and not in direct com-

The applause. The slogans. common enemy or with The predictability. The en- some common method. Like emy infrastructure of the the UK student movement of 2010 or the international squares movement of 2011.

But there are better ways of understanding the relationship between the mawhat we do. The assembly is terial situations people are not just any meeting but one in, diffuse or spontaneous that brings together different resistances, and the groups people or organisations. It is of us self-consciously trying a form used by 'movements' to make this resistance more like the one people voted in powerful. Maybe the mass the last 'radical assembly' to engaged in practices of rebuild. Lenin thought in terms fusal and appropriation is of movements - the mass the subject dictating strategy and the party should be needed leadership from the their assistant, developing tactics through confrontation. Or maybe all subversion and defection are acts of the party itself.

Those interested in thinking in terms of movements still munication, act against some want to engage a force in to unify an object that they practical ways to re-take our can speak for and lead. They means of living and defendape the past forms of organ- ing ourselves, that can be ising of workers who are no longer a growing force, who can sweep into power and transform the world. It would be better to think of ourselves, rather than as the people who move forward, dragging others behind us, as the people who, unable to co-exist any longer with capital, stop it dead

It would be better to think of ourselves, not as becoming united, but as working with the different ways we are determined by our circumstances and histories, even if some plans need the tight coordination of large numbers we can come across them acof people.

Better than sitting around making speeches to each

need of directing. They want other, would be to try out shared with others. We need practical experimentation and careful thought about what is being tried and how it is working.

> Better than letting a team of people up on a stage coordinate the speech of others, would be to build relationships which undermine situations of order. We need to do hard everyday work with people who are not activists and stay in touch with what other organised groups are doing (which is the easy part since we all use the social media). And cidentally in moments different struggles collide.

Death to assemblies.

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chine of boredom and control

However, informal self-or- ing against the cultures of ganisation only works if domination and dependency everyone involved can take we are brought up in, that initiative and take respon- are dug deep into our bodsibility. We need to be on ies. It means creating new guard against allowing leaders to emerge — or becoming to become free individuals. It leaders ourselves. We need means daring to fight to live to be on quard against be- freely.

ing recent anti-gentrification coming passive followers, struggles, have been largely too, sinking into the comfort self-organised and informal. of letting others guide us. We won't let The Left suck This means developing, supup these sparks into a ma-porting, caring for ourselves and each other.

> This isn't easy. It means strikcultures that empower us all

Anarchy, a journey and an adventure.

know them, find affinities works. Flash-mobs, demos and alliances, also challenge and riots spreading virally. ourselves and each other. Words and acts of solidarity Where we share ideas and experiences, learn and train, inspire each other. These could be gatherings, debates, social events, demos, riots.

But if we hold a gathering, we don't need to take a majority decision or find "consensus". It's a place to meet each other and find others who want to work on an action or project together. Those who don't can do something else

We can develop other infrastructure to spread information and make wider connections. For example, counter-information websites post news, call-outs, reports of actions, letters from prisoners, ideas and discussions, maybe from their local circles or received from afar. They spread each others' info further, replicating what interests and inspires them.

Does it work? We have seen and lived many beautiful and powerful examples of

meet new people, get to informal self-organised netspreading across borders and around the globe.

> Informal self-organisation is particularly powerful in war. Modern states can easily crush weaker opposing armies, but struggle to contain loose informal insurgencies. And it's war we're talking about.

> Where anarchy is powerful and alive today, it organises in these ways. In Greece or Chile, the insurrectional groups and networks on the knife edge of the fight against state and capital are informal. In Spain, the vibrant new re-growth of anarchism there has cast off the rigid old structures of the anarcho-syndicalist CNT and blossomed in loose networks of squats, social centres, ateneos, occupied banks, groups of defence and attack, etc.

> In the UK, though we are a long way from there, all the brightest examples of recent rebellion we know, includ-

We Don't Want a Mass Organisation

Why not?

Because we're not a mass, and we don't want anyone to organise us.

The idea of The Mass has different backgrounds, needs, taken many forms. "The desires, beliefs, cultures, alle-Nation", "The People", "The giances. We have a million Working Class", "The 99%", different projects and direcwhatever. In any case it is a homogeneous body of people, all identical in some basic way. Maybe because we share a "national identity", or the same "class interests", or a fixed "human nature". Whatever, in this key respect we are all one.

This is a lie. We are not a mass, we are multiple. We are very different individuals and groups with many

tions of our own.

Sure, we share some things and can unite and form alliances in particular situations. E.g., in London many of us who aren't rich fuckers might get together around a shared hatred of bastard property developers, or of the cops. But even then we'll have very different ideas about how to do things.

The Left Mass Organisation machine.

power tool for the leaders problem. The leaders of the of The Left. If we all have Left-politicians, careerists, the same interests, then we officials, journalists, professhould unite and move to-sional activists, etc.—who are

The idea of The Mass is a Anyone who doesn't is a gether on the same path. wise and clever and have read the great books, know the One Direction we need to go in.

Then they need to get their hands on the levers of a Mass Organisation, so that they can instruct and quide us along the right path. The organisational structure can take many forms, but might involve committees, assemblies, plenaries, annual meetings, officers, stewards, party newspapers, etc.

The other key piece of the Mass Organisation machine is: symbols and rituals that display the legitimacy of the leaders. The Left, on the whole, is democratic, so the legitimacy rituals it uses are conferences, assemblies, debates, votes (ballots or

hand-raising, etc.), or maybe "consensus decision making" processes, etc. E.g.: we have to all follow this rule and do this thing because we put our hands up in a room last year, or waved our hands in a square, after the allotted hour of debating time.

Democracy, representative or direct, is nothing more than another way of legitimising domination. In other times it might have been: because the Bible says, or because someone pulled a sword out of a stone. The basic principle is the same: all of us (The Mass), must do the same thing because God said / the majority voted for the fuckers / the Assembly agreed /

Fuck that shit.

Anarchists fight against all so-called comrades. The Left, domination: all relationships wherever it tries to organise that make some masters and us into a Mass, is yet another some slaves, some leaders System of Domination, and and some followers. Includ- so our enemy. ing relationships amongst

What do we propose instead?

sociation. We come together with friends, neighbours, whoever, when we share projects and struggles, or just when we desire to be together; we stay together so long as that's so; when it's not, we

In place of The Mass, free re- go our separate ways. We lations of solidarity. Free As- respect each others' difference and individualities, so we respect and enable our freedom to go our own ways. In place of the Mass Organisation, informal self-organisation.

Self-organisation means: we are all free and able to decide and act for ourselves, and to form and leave associations freely.

Informality means: we avoid creating fixed, permanent, formalised institutions, with set programmes, officers, bureaucracies, membership lists, annual meetings, etc., because these easily turn into systems of domination manipulated by leaders.

Also, and this is not unrelated, they are easily infiltrated and controlled by the state.

There is no specific recipe for Informal self-organisation informal self-organisation. may involve affinity groups: Rather, what we are talking about is a dynamic tension: we are always developing our own freedom and ability to act independently, and helping others to do so; we are always on guard that together on these projects. our structures don't freeze into hierarchies

groups of close comrades who share some desires, understandings and projects over a period of time - we say, who have an affinity — and so choose to work and fight

Points of encounter are crucial: places where we can